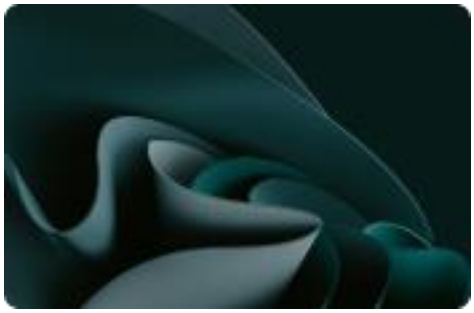
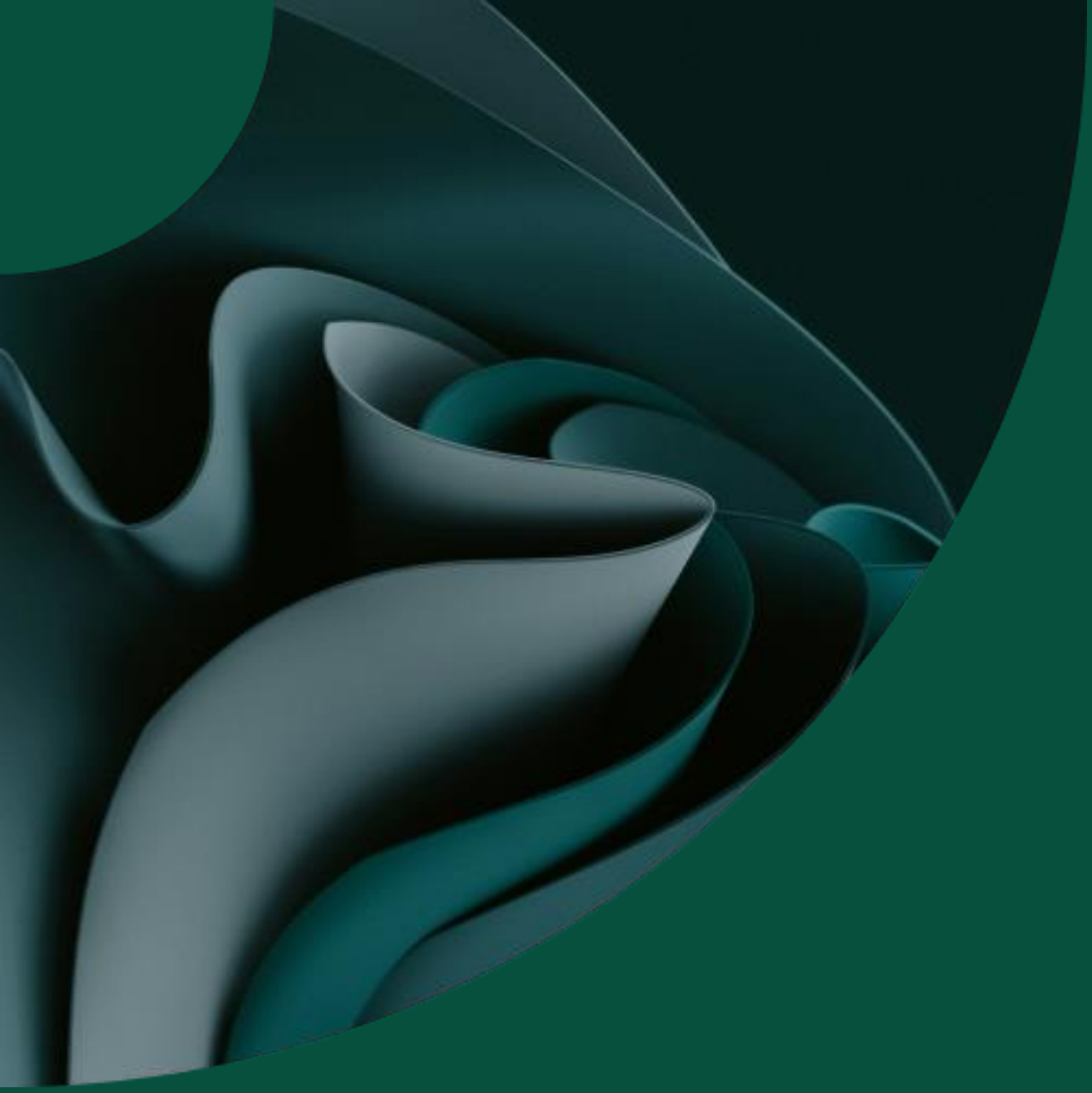
Life Cycle Analyses

PMVIENA

ALBA

Summary





01 Methodology

Environmental Impact Assessment

Functional unit	The functional unit is a quantified performance of a product system for use as a reference unit. One of the primary purposes of a functional unit is to provide a reference to which the input and output data are normalized (in a mathematical sense). Therefore, the functional unit shall be clearly defined and measurable.
Impact Indicator	The impact is measured through the "IPCC 2021 GWP100" method
Electricity impact calculation method	Following guidelines from the GHG Protocol, the impact of electricity is calculated using the location-based approach. This means that the emission factors used represent the average annual carbon intensity of the power grid in the country the processes take place in.
Life Cycle Analyses	Cradle to grave

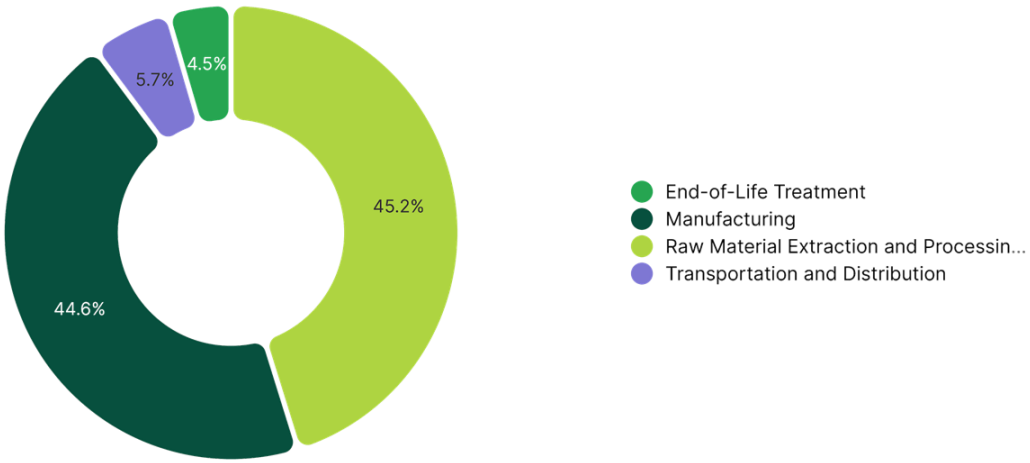
Emission Factor Inventory

Num	Emission Factor	Source	Value	Unit
1	Hardwood lumber | 1 inch | sustainable forestry | 1kg | RER	BASE EMPREINTE ADEME 3.0	0.531144	kg
2	market for cement, Portland	ECOINVENT 3.10	0.944058408	kg
3	Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene copolymer | Ordinary transforming activity	ECOINVENT 3.10	4.533718346	kg
4	Steel, low-alloyed | Ordinary transforming activity	ECOINVENT 3.10	2.203301567	kg
5	Polypropylene, granulate | Market activity	ECOINVENT 3.10	3.516196993	kg
6	Electricity | Total (Scope 2 & 3) | People's Republic of China	IEA 2023	0.7231	kWh
7	Freight | Boat | From CN to FR	WELOW EXPERTS 1.0	0.25227278	kg
8	Packaging - Wood - Average end of life in the EPR scheme - Impacts	BASE CARBONE ADEME 22.0	0.269	kg
9	Waste polyethylene/polypropylene product | Ordinary	ECOINVENT 3.10	1.783532575	kg
10	treatment of waste cement-fibre slab, dismantled, municipal incineration	ECOINVENT 3.10	0.015293826	kg
11	Waste reinforcement steel | Ordinary transforming activity	ECOINVENT 3.10	0.062734275595	kg
12	Residues, MSWI, waste plastic, consumer electronics | Ordinary transforming activity	ECOINVENT 3.10	0.362029947 7	kg

02 Results

Coat stand

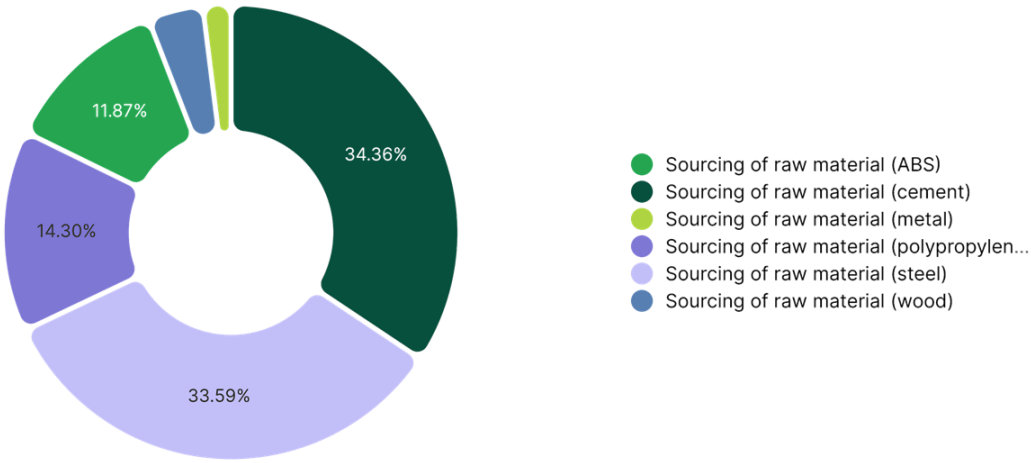
Climate Change



Step	Impact ($kg\ CO_2\ eq$)	Percentage (%)
Manufacturing	15.48	46.80 %
Raw Material Extraction and Processing	14.44	43.67 %
Transportation and Distribution	1.87	5.64 %
End-of-Life Treatment	1.29	3.89 %
TOTAL	33,08	**100.00 %**

Coat stand

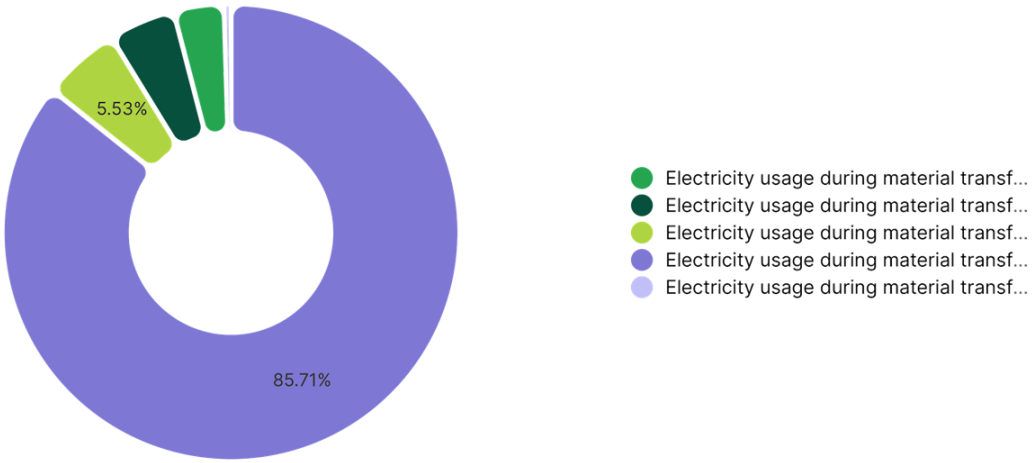
Climate Change - Raw Material Extraction and Processing



Activity	Emission Factor Num	Quantity	Impact (kg CO_2 eq)	Percentage (%)
Sourcing of raw material (steel)	4	2.6	5.74	39.73 %
Sourcing of raw material (cement)	2	5.99	5.66	39.18 %
Sourcing of raw material (polypropylene)	5	0.57	2	13.87 %
Sourcing of raw material (ABS)	3	0.16	0.74	5.11 %
Sourcing of raw material (wood)	1	0.57	0.3	2.11 %
TOTAL			14.44	100.00 %

Coat stand

Climate Change - Manufacturing



Activity	Emission Factor Num	Quantity	Impact (kg CO_2 eq)	Percentage (%)
Electricity usage during material transformation (steel)	6	20	14.46	93.40 %
Electricity usage during material transformation (polypropylene)	6	1.06	0.76	4.94 %
Electricity usage during material transformation (ABS)	6	0.3	0.22	1.41 %
Electricity usage during material transformation (wood)	6	0.05	0.04	0.24 %
TOTAL			15.48	100.00 %

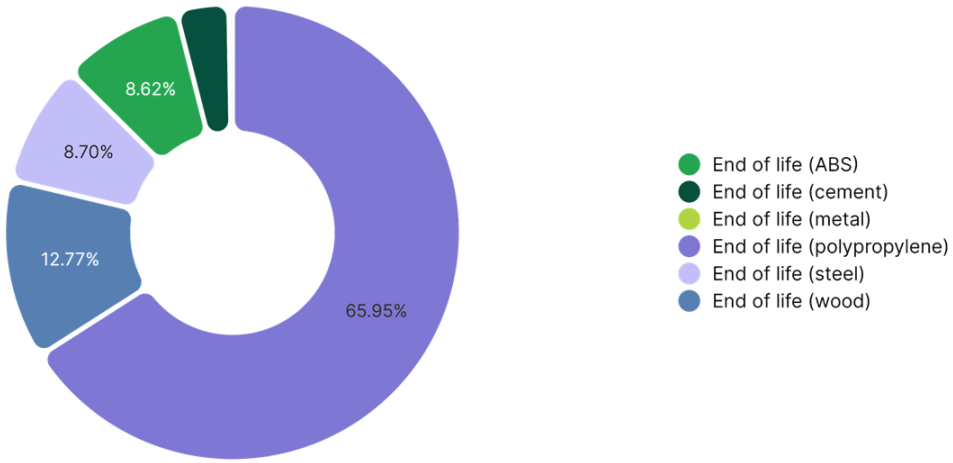
Coat stand

Climate Change - Transportation and Distribution

Activity	Emission Factor Num	Quantity	Impact (kg CO_2 eq)	Percentage (%)
Freight	7	7.4	1.87	100.00 %
TOTAL			1.87	100.00 %

Coat stand

Climate Change - End-of-Life Treatment



Activity	Emission Factor Num	Quantity	Impact (kg CO_2 eq)	Percentage (%)
End of life (polypropylene)	9	0.52	0.92	71.80 %
End of life (steel)	11	2.37	0.15	11.55 %
End of life (wood)	8	0.37	0.1	7.74 %
End of life (cement)	10	4	0.06	4.75 %
End of life (ABS)	12	0.15	0.05	4.16 %
TOTAL			1.29	100.00 %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